FIRE SAFETY AND EVACUATION PLAN

LEE PAUL SIEG BUILDING

3960 BENTON LANE NE
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
SEATTLE, WA 98195

EVACUATION DIRECTOR: STACIA GREEN
OCTOBER 2023

ACADEMIC TECHNOLOGIES
ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGINEERING
HUMAN CENTERED DESIGN & ENGINEERING
INDUSTRIAL & SYSTEMS ENGINEERING
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<td>Revised to include COVID-19 (communicable disease) considerations during evacuation</td>
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<td>Revision 6</td>
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## BUILDING FIRE SAFETY AND EVACUATION PLAN REVISIONS

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SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

PURPOSE

The purpose of this Fire Safety and Evacuation Plan (FSEP) is to establish procedures required by Chapter 4 of the Seattle Fire Code and the Washington Administrative Code (WAC). More specifically, this plan template is provided by Environmental Health & Safety for University units and departments to document occupants of a building will be notified in an emergency, establish evacuation procedures and routes, provide support for persons with disabilities, and account for occupants after an evacuation occurs.

This FSEP template is designed to assist units and departments identify critical equipment that may need to be shut down during an emergency and includes information about the nature of the emergency that can be provided to emergency services so that a safe and effective response may be initiated.

This FSEP template is written to meet the requirements of WAC 296-800-31075, procedures for sounding emergency alarms.

This FSEP template integrates face covering and physical distancing requirements with emergency evacuation procedures that may be in place during a future communicable disease outbreak. The communicable disease response considerations in this template will be applicable to any future communicable disease events with similar modes of transmission as COVID-19.

Instructions for the preparer

Complete this FSEP template by filling in the yellow highlighted sections according to the FSEP instructions on the Environmental Health & Safety website at www.ehs.washington.edu.
SECTION 2: RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

An effective Fire Safety and Evacuation Plan (“this plan”) requires the coordination of many occupants in a building. All building occupants, including faculty and other academic personnel, staff, students, and patients need to be aware of their roles and responsibilities in case of an emergency.

This section outlines specific responsibilities for University personnel, students, as well as the evacuation director and wardens. Visitors should also be instructed on proper response to alarms and the requirement to evacuate.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF PERSONNEL INCLUDING STAFF, FACULTY AND OTHER ACADEMIC PERSONNEL

1. Be familiar with building emergency procedures and act in the event of an emergency. Refer to Sections 3 and 4 of this plan.

2. Participate in drills and training as required.

3. Inform and assist visitors unfamiliar with building procedures as appropriate prior to and during an emergency.

4. Supervisors orient new employees of this plan upon hire.

5. Be familiar with guidelines herein to evacuate, take refuge, or stay in place if you are a person with mobility disabilities (refer to Section 5).

6. Complete and maintain evacuation exemption procedures for qualified medical procedures. [This item is intended for a very small number of animal and dental surgical procedures that occur outside of University of Washington Medical Center facilities.]

7. During a communicable disease outbreak, wear a face covering when inside a building and continue to wear it outside in designated evacuation area.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF STUDENTS

1. Be familiar with building emergency procedures and act in the event of an emergency. Refer to Sections 3 and 4.

2. Respond to building alarms and promptly evacuate.

3. Follow directions of instructors, evacuation wardens, police and fire representatives.

4. During a communicable disease outbreak, wear a face covering when inside a building and continue to wear it outside in designated evacuation area.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF CLASSROOM LECTURERS AND INSTRUCTORS

1. Be familiar with building and emergency procedures and be prepared to provide direction to students attending your class in the event of an emergency.
2. Orient students with a brief overview of emergency evacuation procedures on the first day of class to:
   a. Provide general information relating to emergency procedures.
   b. Inform students that evacuation is required when the alarm system is activated.
   c. Inform students of the location of the nearest exits, and where to assemble outside.
3. Take responsible charge of the classroom during building emergencies and alarms.
4. Report an emergency by activating the alarm systems and calling 9-1-1.
5. Be familiar with evacuation options for persons with disabilities.
6. During a communicable disease outbreak, wear a face covering when inside a building and continue to wear it outside in designated evacuation area.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR LABORATORIES AND OTHER LOCATIONS WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Be familiar with building emergency procedures and act in the event of an emergency. Refer to Sections 3 and 4.
2. If the emergency is in or near your research area, report directly to incident command (usually the Seattle Fire Department on the Seattle campus) about any hazardous materials and activities in your research area. This will help ensure the safety of emergency responders and the resumption of normal operations as soon as possible.
3. Wear a face covering when inside a building and continue to wear it outside in designated evacuation area.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE EVACUATION DIRECTOR AND EVACUATION WARDENS

The evacuation director and evacuation wardens (and their alternates) who have been appointed (or have volunteered) to serve in these positions are both employed by the University and are building occupants. They receive special training from the Environmental Health & Safety Department (EH&S) to serve in their role. Additional information is available in Section 6.

EVACUATION DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The evacuation director is the administrative lead for this plan and acts as the liaison with the responding emergency services in the event of a building emergency. If an emergency occurs when the evacuation director or their alternate is not available, an evacuation warden or a senior employee may serve as liaison.

EVACUATION DIRECTOR DUTIES

1. Administrative
a. Prepare, maintain and distribute the Fire Safety and Evacuation Plan (FSEP) to building occupants.

b. Work with management in all departments occupying the building to include the FSEP in new employee orientation.

c. Call periodic meetings with evacuation wardens to review and update the FSEP.

d. Distribute the FSEP annually to all building occupants (those with assigned workstations) and highlight any changes to the document.

e. Be familiar with duties and emergency procedures.

2. Training


   b. Fire Extinguisher Training (Not required): Optional online and hands-on training courses on the use of portable fire extinguishers are available at www.ehs.washington.edu/training.

3. Preparation Guidelines

   a. Be familiar with the FSEP and all relevant emergency procedures. Coordinate with building/department administrators responsible for employee, student and visitor health and safety to ensure all units occupying the building are addressed in this plan.

   b. Assist with the development of emergency procedures for persons with disabilities. Refer to guidelines contained in Section 5.

4. Oversee Evacuation Wardens

   a. Solicit volunteers or request that units/departments solicit volunteer evacuation wardens and alternates for all areas of the building. One way to ensure all areas have adequate coverage is to print out floor maps through the University of Washington Space Viewer application which can be found at maps.uw.edu/gis/home (UW NetID required to access).

   b. Ensure wardens have attended EH&S Evacuation Warden Training course and know what their duties are in case of an emergency.

   c. Ensure wardens are familiar with any existing UW face covering and physical distancing requirements or guidelines.

5. Planned Evacuation Drills

   a. Serve as liaison between building occupants, the building coordinator and EH&S for evacuation drills. EH&S is responsible for scheduling planned drills and will activate the fire alarm.
6. Building Emergency Evacuation
   a. Wear a face covering (when required), evacuate, and report to the evacuation assembly point and act as a building occupant liaison with responding emergency services.
   b. Receive status reports from area evacuation wardens.
   c. Identify yourself and communicate your role to incident command (usually the Seattle Fire Department on the Seattle campus) and provide any relevant information you may have about the status of the emergency.
   d. Offer a hard copy of this plan and attachments to emergency services. Ask if they need any information about the building and help facilitate information sharing between occupants and emergency services.
   e. Communicate with Environmental Health & Safety, UW Facilities (on the Seattle campus), personnel who work in the affected space and others who may have information.
   f. If necessary or requested by incident command, assign evacuation wardens or other personnel as needed to be stationed by all entrances to prevent unsuspecting personnel from reentering the building.
   g. When the fire department has communicated “ALL CLEAR,” announce that occupants may re-enter the building. Do not allow re-entry if the alarm is silenced without confirmation of an all clear from emergency services.
   h. Coordinate with evacuation wardens to allow for a controlled reentry of building occupants to minimize crowding and ensure physical distancing (when required).

**EVACUATION WARREN DUTIES**

1. Training
   b. Participate in meetings with your evacuation director regarding your FSEP.
   c. Fire Extinguisher Training (Not required): Optional online and hands-on training courses on the use of portable fire extinguishers are available at www.ehs.washington.edu/training.
2. Preparation guidelines
   
a. Be familiar with the FSEP and all relevant emergency procedures.

b. Familiarize yourself with building exits and locations that are likely to have visitors or persons with disabilities who may need some assistance during a building emergency.

c. Be aware of persons with mobility disabilities and their evacuation plan.

d. Be familiar with your building alarm system and building safety features (general awareness) so that you may accurately interpret alarms.

e. Become familiar with operations in your area that may require additional time to shut down requiring occupant actions which would delay their exiting.

f. Participate in evacuation drills as requested by the evacuation director.

i. Inform persons with acknowledged mobility disabilities about the guidelines for evacuation (refer to Section 5). Contact EH&S for assistance.

j. Be prepared to communicate to occupants outside of the building to keep them moving to the evacuation assembly point and to not obstruct roads or emergency responders.

k. During a communicable disease outbreak, be prepared to communicate to occupants of the building to keep proper physical distancing between all other people at the evacuation assembly point and while reoccupying the building.

3. During a building emergency evacuation
   
a. Check your area for visitors and others who may need assistance responding to the emergency. Students and visitors and other transient occupants who may not be familiar with how to evacuate should be informed of the location of the nearest exit. Direct occupants to the exits and tell them where to assemble outside.

b. Direct persons with disabilities to follow their individual plan. If they don’t have one, direct them to an area of refuge.

c. Optional: Sweep your area by walking, calling out, knocking on doors and closing doors if possible as you exit the building. Encourage others to respond promptly. Be assertive when communicating the need to evacuate. If conducted, the sweep should not take longer than 2 minutes so that you will exit the building within 3 minutes.

d. As a general rule, evacuation wardens should not fight fire with fire extinguishers or otherwise. Their primary role is to encourage occupants to move towards exits quickly and to communicate with the evacuation director at the evacuation assembly point.
e. Exit the building and communicate with exiting occupants where to assemble outside. If fire or smoke is observed, wardens must discontinue their activities and evacuate immediately before the space becomes untenable.

f. During a communicable disease outbreak, wear appropriate face covering.

4. At the evacuation assembly point

a. Once outside, assertively direct people to the evacuation assembly point so they don't obstruct traffic or emergency responders. Remain at least 30 feet from the affected building.

b. If you (or anyone from your area) have specific information about the nature or location of the emergency, immediately report the information to the evacuation director who will relay the information to first responders at the incident command location.

c. Accounting for all personnel is optional. It is impractical to do so in many buildings. Attempt to identify persons who may have remained behind. This is especially important if the building emergency is known and the persons unaccounted for work in or near the affected area. Confer with supervisors and co-workers and use any available lists or floor plans.

d. Immediately report to the evacuation director any missing persons who you believe, or have reason to believe, may be in the building or in jeopardy.

e. During a communicable disease outbreak, monitor for and communicate to building occupants regarding the use of face coverings and physical distancing (when required).

f. When notified by the evacuation director, help communicate the “All Clear” message so the building may be reoccupied. Don't reoccupy in response to the alarm being silenced; await a definitive message.

g. Coordinate with other evacuation wardens and the evacuation director to allow for a controlled reentry of building occupants.

h. During a communicable disease outbreak, monitor and ensure building occupants wear their face coverings and maintain physical distancing (when required) while reentering the building.

SECTION 3: EVACUATION PROCEDURES

The evacuation procedures below are intended for building occupants to follow when there is a fire or other building emergency that requires evacuation.

1. Assume all alarms are real unless an announcement has been made just prior to the alarm.
2. During a communicable disease outbreak, put on a face covering (when required) when the alarm sounds.

3. Begin immediate evacuation of the building or area as outlined in Section 4 Emergency Procedures.

4. Take your keys and valuables.

5. Close doors behind you as you exit. Do not prop doors open; doors must remain closed to prevent smoke migration in the event of a fire.

6. Evacuate via the nearest stairwell or grade/ground level exit. Do not use an elevator. Do not go to the roof.

7. Go to your pre-determined evacuation assembly point, typically outdoors at a safe distance from the building and out of the way of emergency services. Note: Some high-rise buildings have indoor evacuation assembly point. Refer to Section 7 for specifics.

8. Persons with disabilities who are unable to evacuate will follow their personal plan to take refuge or report to an area of evacuation assistance (refer to section 5).

**EVACUATION ROUTE MAPS**

Occupants should go to the nearest exit when the alarm sounds. If access to the nearest exit is obstructed, an alternate exit should be taken.

Building evacuation maps are posted inside many University buildings to provide key evacuation route information in an emergency. Review the nearest evacuation map to the location where you will spend time in preparation for a building emergency.
SECTION 4: EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

All fire alarm activations should be taken seriously. Building occupants must evacuate when the alarm sounds. **Never** assume it is a false alarm.

**FIRE/EXPLOSION**

- If something is on fire, use the nearest pull station to **activate the fire alarm**.
- **Call 9-1-1.** Communicate the details you know.
- **Use a fire extinguisher for small fires only.** Before you fight a fire, make sure that you:
  - Have **called 9-1-1** or pulled the fire alarm
  - Have been **trained** to use an extinguisher
  - Have an **evacuation route** planned
- If trapped by smoke or fire; **stay low** and try to **cover your mouth** with a wet cloth.
  - Find a room where you can **seal the cracks under the door** and call 9-1-1
  - If near a window, open but do not **break** it. Wave or hang something outside to alert fire personnel.
- If your clothes catch fire; **STOP, DROP and ROLL** to smother the flames.

**ALL FIREALARMS**

- If you hear the fire alarm, **evacuate the building or area**. Close all doors as you go.
- Wear face covering if under communicable disease restrictions.
- **Do not use elevators.** Evacuate by using the nearest stairwell.
- **Go to your evacuation assembly point.** Refer to the evacuation map posted on each floor of the building if you do not know the location of your evacuation assembly point.
- Maintain physical distancing at the evacuation assembly point if required under communicable disease restrictions.
- **Report to the evacuation warden,** evacuation director, or the fire department.
- **Do not re-enter the building** until authorized by emergency personnel.

If a fire occurs in a building without a fire alarm

- **Call out “FIRE – GET OUT”** loudly, using your voice to **inform other occupants**.
- **Call 9-1-1** and report the building name, address and specifics of the emergency.
- **Follow the general procedures listed above.**
ACTIVE THREATS

An active threat is an individual or individuals actively engaged in assaulting, killing or attempting to kill people. This can mean someone with a firearm, but that's not always the case. Students, faculty and staff may find themselves in classrooms, offices, hallways or otherwise out in the world when a threat occurs near them or in the area, and requires action by you and first responders. Awareness of one's surroundings and of potential reaction steps is critical.

The information below outlines active threat response strategies, but since active threat incidents will vary, be flexible in determining which strategy fits your situation best. For instance, while the steps below follow “run, hide, fight,” the circumstances of a particular instance could lead to a UW Alert recommending “shelter in place” or to avoid an area of campus. These messages are not inconsistent, and which takes priority depends on you and your surroundings. The steps below are important if you suspect or know you are near an armed attacker.

At the start and during an incident: Run, hide, fight.

- **RUN**
  - Seek safety. Getting away from the attacker is the top priority.
  - Leave your belongings behind and get away.
  - Call 911 when you are safe and describe the attacker, location and weapons.

- **HIDE**
  - Cover and hide if you can’t evacuate. Find a place to hide out of view of the attacker and put a solid barrier between yourself and the threat if possible.
  - Lock and block doors, close blinds and turn off lights.
  - Keep silent.
  - Call 911 when safe to do so.

- **FIGHT**
  - Fight only as a last resort. When you can't run or cover, attempt to disrupt the attack or disable the attacker.
  - Be aggressive and commit to your actions.
  - Recruit others to ambush the attacker with makeshift weapons such as chairs, fire extinguishers, scissors, books, etc.
  - Be prepared to cause severe or lethal injury to the attacker.
  - Call 911 when safe to do so.

Help the Injured
• Take care of yourself first and then, if you are able, help the injured get to safety and provide immediate care.
• Call 911 when it is safe for you to do so.

Be Safe After

When police arrive, their focus is on locating the threat and ending the violence.

Upon arrival, officers will secure the area so that emergency medical teams can reach the injured.
• Remain calm and follow instructions.
• Keep hands visible and empty.
• Follow law enforcement's instructions and evacuate in the direction they tell you to go.

After the violence has stopped, how will you know it’s OK to leave a safe space?
• Monitor UW Alert. The University’s Crisis Communications Team will issue UW Alerts regarding a significant event with recommended actions and updates as circumstances change.
• If in doubt when someone knocks or calls to you, you can call 911 to confirm that first responders are present outside your door/location.

What will happen next?
• Medical responders will treat the injured.
• Follow directions of law enforcement personnel.
• If you witnessed the incident and left the area, contact UWPD.
• “Recovery” after an active threat event can take time. UW and outside partners will rally support resources for individuals and groups.

Again, these are the tested steps in an active threat scenario. Be aware of your surroundings and be prepared for exiting or sheltering, and run-hide-fight depending upon the threat.

WORKPLACE VIOLENCE

REPORT URGENT THREATS
• Call 9-1-1.
• Once you are safe, call 206-685-SAFE (7233) to report the situation to SafeCampus.
• Alert your supervisor to the situation.

REPORTING EMERGING OR POTENTIAL THREATS
• Report the situation to SafeCampus by calling 206-685-SAFE (7233).
• Alert your supervisor to the situation.

IF YOU SUPERVISE SOMEONE WHO FEELS THREATENED
• Report the situation to SafeCampus by calling 206-685-SAFE (7233).
• Alert the your unit administrator (or their designee). Keep information the employee has shared confidential, except for the reporting requirements above.
• Encourage the individual to seek additional assistance. Provide the employee with the phone number for Washington State Employee Assistance Program (WA EAP) and give the employee a private place to make the phone call.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
• www.washington.edu/safecampus

OTHER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
Building emergency procedures for a variety of emergencies are located on the EH&S website at www.ehs.washington.edu/fire-life/building-emergency-procedures-and-resources.

[Instructions: if maintaining a paper copy of this plan or if you need to tailor standard UW emergency procedures for your building, include them here or in the appendix].
SECTION 5: EMERGENCY EVACUATION FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

This section provides a general guideline of evacuation procedures for persons who may have difficulty exiting during building evacuations. Personnel, students, and visitors with disabilities are expected to consider their evacuation options in advance to determine their best response to a building emergency. Assistance is available through UW Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S), the Disability Services Office (for personnel) and Disability Resources for Students.

PLANNING

Persons with mobility disabilities are encouraged to:

1. Consider evacuation options for each building they occupy.
2. Identify a volunteer who will be responsible to communicate with emergency services on their behalf during a building emergency.
3. Document their evacuation plans and provide them to the building evacuation director who will inform evacuation wardens and retain it for reference. A template is available for download at www.ehs.washington.edu.
4. Keep a face covering on their person at all times if required under communicable disease restrictions.

EVACUATION OPTIONS

Persons with disabilities have five evacuation options listed in order of safety. This information is primarily to address evacuation for persons with mobility disabilities.

1. **Exit the building (safest option):** Use accessible routes to exit the building if the route appears safe. Note that the accessible route may not always be the nearest exit.
2. **Move to a safer part of the building:** In large buildings and multi-wing complexes, such as the Health Sciences Building on the Seattle campus, you may be able to evacuate horizontally to an unaffected wing or area where the alarm is not sounding.
3. **Move to an Area of Refuge:** An Area of Refuge is a designated area inside a building where you can safely remain in place during a building evacuation that is equipped with two-way communications with the UW Police Department. Check the evacuation map posted in each building or call EH&S at 206-616-5530 to locate an Area of Refuge.
4. **Use an assisted evacuation device:** An assisted evacuation device, such as a specially designed chair, can be used by trained personnel to evacuate people with mobility disabilities.
5. **Stay in place (least safe option):** It may be appropriate for an individual who is unable to exit the building to stay in place in the following areas:
- A building stairwell that has a large landing; wait near the exit stairwell until everyone has evacuated the floor and traffic has cleared before entering the stairwell.
- Enclosed elevator lobbies
- Fire-rated exit corridors, especially when close to an exit.
- An enclosed room with an exterior window, a telephone, and a solid or fire resistant door; with this option, you may keep in contact with emergency services by dialing 9-1-1 and reporting your location directly. Emergency services will relay this location to on-site emergency personnel who will determine the need for evacuation.

Elevators can be unsafe to use in an emergency and in most buildings they are automatically recalled to the ground floor. Emergency personnel have special keys to override the elevator functions and can use them to assist with evacuation.

**EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

1. Persons with mobility disabilities should evacuate (if able), report to an area of refuge (if available), or stay in place in the event of an emergency requiring evacuation or when the building alarm system is activated.

2. If reporting to an area of refuge or staying in place, contact emergency services by calling 9-1-1 and inform them of your plans.

3. Volunteers may assist persons with disabilities reach an area of refuge but should evacuate and go to the evacuation assembly point and report to emergency services the location and status of the person with disabilities.

4. During a communicable disease outbreak, a person who is assisting another person may be required to have a higher level of personal protective equipment (PPE) due to the time spent in close contact with another person. If this is part of the disabled individual’s evacuation plan, an evacuation kit with goggles and surgical masks should be provided for both the disabled person and their helper in the event of an evacuation during a communicable disease outbreak.

5. The evacuation director should provide any relevant information to emergency services.

**OTHER DISABILITIES**

Persons with visual, hearing, cognitive or other disabilities are encouraged to consult with and seek accommodation through the [Disability Services Office](#) (for personnel) or [Disability Resources for Students](#).

**Areas of Refuge and/or Evacuation Waiting Area**

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SECTION 6: BUILDING-SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Emergency Communications

The following is used to describe the method used to notify first responders of an emergency within our building. [Check the box that applies.]

☑ Our building is equipped with a monitored fire alarm system. In the event of a fire alarm activation, signals are sent to the UW Police Department and a central monitoring station that notifies the Seattle Fire Department. Evacuate and call 911 to report specific information about the emergency.

☐ Our building is equipped with a fire alarm system that is not monitored. Call 9-1-1.

☐ Our building is not equipped with a fire alarm system. Call 9-1-1.

The fire alarm system notification audible tone is (refer to the FSEP instructions) a:

☑ Slow whoop

☐ Temporal 3

☐ Solid tone

☐ NA, no fire alarm
SECTION 7: EVACUATION METHODS & ASSEMBLY LOCATIONS

BUILDING EVACUATION

The building fire alarm system is designed for [check one]:

- [ ] No Fire Alarm. There is no fire alarm system. The entire building evacuates for fire and other emergencies as outlined in the building emergency procedures.

- [x] Complete Building Evacuation. All occupants evacuate to exterior of building for fire and other emergencies as outlined in the building emergency procedures.

- [ ] Partial and/or Phased Evacuation. Occupants of alarmed areas may evacuate to an indoor evacuation assembly point, typically at a location several floors below the alarmed and affected area and separate from fire fighter staging areas (common to high rise buildings). Occupants are instructed to exit down the stairwell onto a predetermined floor where the alarm is not sounding. Some occupants near grade level may evacuate to the exterior. A subsequent alarm may require additional evacuations if deemed necessary by the fire service.

[Refer to FSEP instructions. If partial or phased evacuation applies, a specific plan should be described here either using a narrative or in tabular form to replace or edit the paragraph above. Contact EH&S for assistance.]

OUTDOOR EVACUATION ASSEMBLY POINT (EAP)

The Evacuation Assembly Point (EAP) should be an open area away from the building and out of the way of responding emergency personnel. Occupants meet after evacuation so that they may be accounted for or lend assistance as needed.

There may be more than one assembly point depending on the size of the building and the location of the exits. List the EAP locations and indicate which areas of the building are to report to which area. [A map of available EAPs can be found on the EH&S website at www.ehs.washington.edu/system/files/resources/eapmap.pdf.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EAP Location</th>
<th>Serves those exiting from:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>North HUB Lawn</td>
<td>Sieg Building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE corner of Drumheller Fountain Plaza</td>
<td>Sieg Building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SECTION 8 – EVACUATION DIRECTOR AND WARDENS

Last Updated (date): October 30, 2023

[Assign wardens so that their area may be swept for occupants while walking, calling out, and knocking on doors, and exiting within three minutes. In some buildings, this will require multiple wardens per floor or area. Alternate wardens are encouraged for each area. Refer to FSEP instructions for examples; provide additional sheets as needed.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Floor</th>
<th>Assigned Area</th>
<th>Evacuation Director Name</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Cell Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Primary: Stacia Green</td>
<td><a href="mailto:greens6@uw.edu">greens6@uw.edu</a></td>
<td>206-290-5538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alternate: Jane Skau</td>
<td><a href="mailto:janei@uw.edu">janei@uw.edu</a></td>
<td>206-719-1891</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Floor</th>
<th>Assigned Area</th>
<th>Evacuation Warden Name</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Cell Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sarah Coppola</td>
<td><a href="mailto:scoppola@uw.edu">scoppola@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alanna Daniels</td>
<td><a href="mailto:alannard@uw.edu">alannard@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Julie Kientz</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jkientz@uw.edu">jkientz@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Elin Björling</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bjorling@uw.edu">bjorling@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Laura Davis</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ldavis@uw.edu">ldavis@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Meghan Oxley</td>
<td><a href="mailto:what@uw.edu">what@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Summer Dela Cuz Parkes</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sldc@uw.edu">sldc@uw.edu</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alternate
APPENDIX A: MYCHEM CONTACTS REPORTS

The Location Contact Report or Inventory Contact Report from MyChem is appended to this plan to provide a list of responsible parties and contact information for laboratories, shops, and other areas that store and use chemicals and compressed gases.
Critical equipment could pose a serious hazard to first responders, or present significant property loss risk if left in operation without an attendee. [List equipment, contact information, and shutdown procedures].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Contact Name and Phone</th>
<th>Shutdown Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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APPENDIX C: ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

This section includes any additional documentation such as evacuation exemptions and any other information that could be considered critical information during a building emergency.